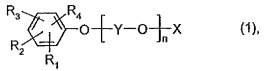
Amendments to the Claims

1 (currently amended). A composition comprising

(A) a compound of formula (1)



(1),

wherein R_1 is 1-phenylethyl, R_2 and R_3 are, independently from the other, hydrogen or 1-phenylethyl, R_4 is hydrogen, Y represents ethylene and n is a number from 12 to 30

[[R_1, R_2, R_3 and R_4 independently of the other denote hydrogen, C_1-C_{12} alkyl, C_5-C_{24} aryl or C_6-C_{36} aralkyl, Y represents ethylene or propylene, n is a number from 4 to 50]] and X denotes hydrogen, C_1-C_{12} alkyl, the acid radical of an inorganic oxygen containing acid or the radical of an organic acid, and

(B) a condensation product of formaldehyde with sulfonated ditolyl ether or a condensation product of formaldehyde with sulfonated di-(2-naphthyl)methane [[formaldehyde condensation product prepared from an aromatic sulfonic acid and formaldehyde]],

characterized in that the weight ratio of components (A):(B) is from 19:1 to 3:1.

2 (canceled).

3 (canceled).

4 (previously presented). A composition according to claim 1, wherein X is an acid radical derived from sulfuric or orthophosphoric acid.

5 (canceled).

6 (canceled).

7 (previously presented). A composition according to claim 1 additionally containing (C) a polyadduct of 2 to 80 mol of alkylene oxide with unsaturated or saturated monoalcohols, fatty acids, fatty amines or fatty amides of 8 to 22 carbon atoms; characterized in that the weight ratio of components (C): ((A) +(B)) is from 1:999 to 1:9.

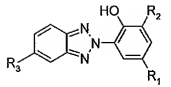
8 (original). A composition according to claim 7 containing as component (C) a polyadduct of 3 to 30 mol of ethylene oxide or propylene oxide with 1 mol of a fatty alcohol of 12 to 24 carbon atoms.

9 (original). A composition according to claim 7 containing as component (C) a polyadduct of 20 to 30 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of stearyl alcohol.

10 (original). A composition according to claim 7 containing 76 – 84 % by weight of component (A), 14 – 22 % by weight of component (B) and 2 – 6 % by weight of component (C).

11 (currently amended). An aqueous dispersion containing 5 – 40 % by weight, based on the total composition, of a UV absorber selected from benzotriazoles, phenyltriazines and benzophenones and 5 – 30 % by weight, based on the total composition, of a composition according to claim 1.

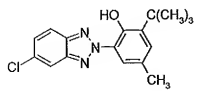
12 (original). An aqueous dispersion according to claim 11 containing as UV absorber a benzotriazole compound of the formula (2)



(2),

wherein R_1 is halogen, C_1-C_{12} alkyl or C_1-C_{12} alkoxy and R_2 and R_3 are each independently of the other hydrogen, halogen, C_1-C_{12} alkyl or C_1-C_{12} alkoxy.

13 (original). An aqueous dispersion according to claim 11 containing as UV absorber a benzotriazole compound of the formula (2a)



(2a).

14 (original). An aqueous dispersion according to claim 11 additionally containing 1 – 10 % by weight, based on the total composition, of a stabilizing or thickening agent.

15 (original). An aqueous dispersion according to claim 14 containing a heteropolysaccharide formed from the monosaccharides glucose and mannose and glucuronic acid as thickening agent.

16 (original). A process for dyeing textile material which comprises dyeing this material in the presence of an aqueous dispersion according to claim 11.

17 (canceled).